



A Longitudinal Analysis of Environmental Justice in Warehousing Location

Quan Yuan quanyuan@usc.edu

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Overview

- Retrospection
- Research Questions
- Research Approach
- Data
- Results
- Discussion



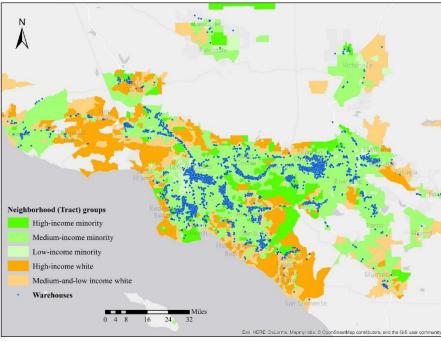


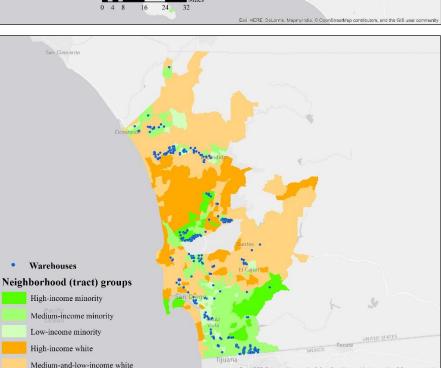
Retrospection

- Warehouses are disproportionately located in both low-income and medium-income minority neighborhoods.
 - Warehousing location is much more relevant to minority concentration than household income levels.
- Patterns are generally consistent across metros.
- Slightly different from traditional Environmental Justice literature

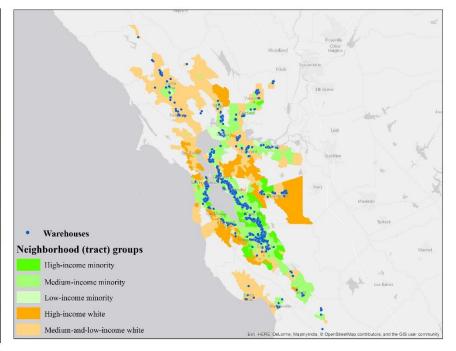


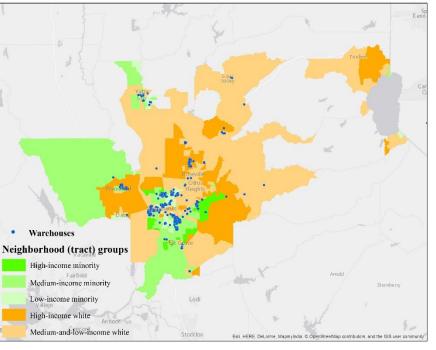






Esri, HERE, Dellorme, MapmyIndia, @ OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community





Question 1: Which came first?

- A classical question in EJ
 - Pre-siting warehousing location choices process OR
 Post-siting demographic changes process
 (Hamilton, 1993; Oakes et al., 1996)
 - Longitudinal studies are made, but few focuses on interdependent relationship and no consensus is achieved yet (Pastor et al., 2001)
- Debate on research design
 - Level of study and Unit for analysis
 - Methodology to address interdependence
 - Geospatial techniques





Question 2: What are the factors in the two processes?

- Firm location choice of warehousing facilities
 - Warehousing vs. other industries (e.g. Sivitanidou, 1996; Demirel et al., 2010)
 - The role of minority population concentration
- Housing location choice of minority population
 - Preferences and constraints (e.g. Bobo and Zubrinsky, 1996; Peach, 1998)
 - The role of warehousing facilities and activities





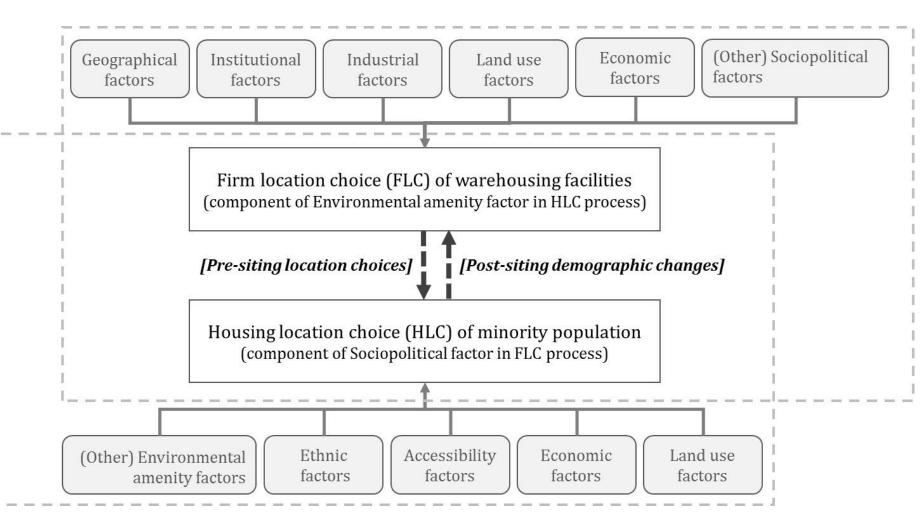
Simultaneous Equation Model of firm location choice of warehousing facilities and housing location choice of minority population.

General conceptual model:

Where: $\Delta WH =$ changes in warehousing activity density, Δ Minor = changes in minority shares of the entire population, $CV_1 =$ control variables in firm location choice equation, $CV_2 =$ control variables in housing location choice equation.











Exogenous variables:

Name	Definition		
Firm location choice equation			
Population Characteristics	Minority shares in 2000		
	Median household income in 2000		
Transport Access	Distance to nearest freeway ramp		
	Distance to nearest intermodal facility		
Land Use	Population density in 2000		
Industrial Connection	Employment density in manufacturing in 2000		





Exogenous variables:

Name	Definition		
Housing location choice equation			
Population Characteristics	Minority shares in 2000		
	Median household income in 2000		
Housing Preferences	Distance to employment center in 2000		
	Distance to coast		
Land Use	Population density in 2000		
Ethnic Preferences	Racial diversity index in 2000		





Data

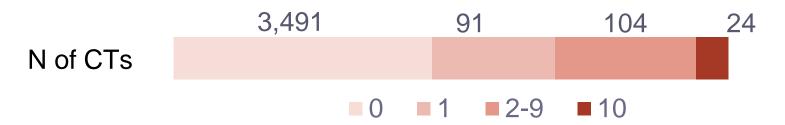
- Study area: The Los Angeles Region
 - 2nd largest metro
 - The largest trade gateway
 - Warehousing development and freight demand
 - Comprehensive data available: Costar, SCAG, LEHD, Census, etc.
- Study period: 2000-2010
- N of observations = 3,710 census tracts



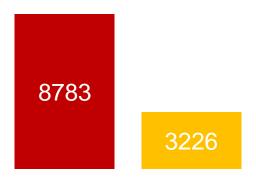


Data: warehouse locations

Where are the newly added (during 2000-2010) warehouses located?



Changes in warehousing activity intensity (sqft/km2)

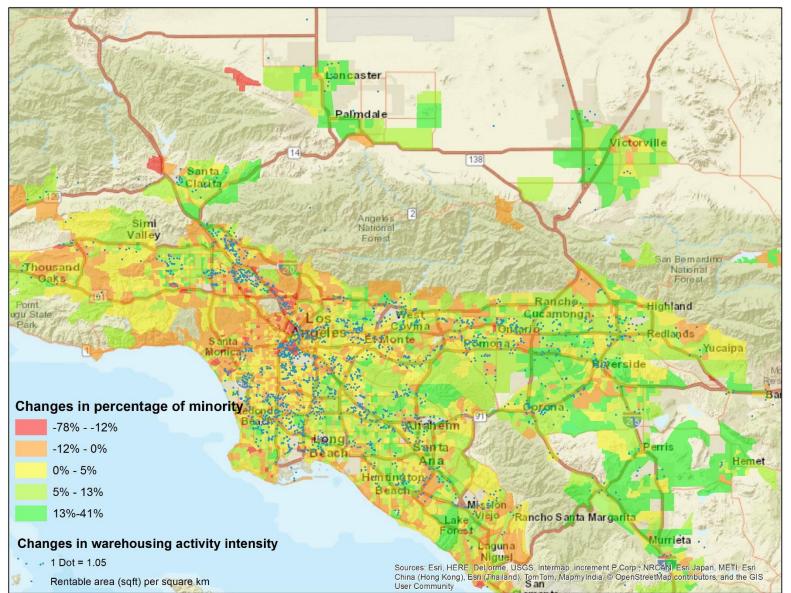


- CT w/minority% increase
- CT w/minority% decrease





Changes in warehousing activity intensity and percentage of minority





Results: Firm location choice equation

Dep. Var.: Changes in warehousing activity densities during 2000-2010

	Relationship
Changes in minority shares during 2000-2010	+
Warehouse activity density in 2000	-
Square of warehouse activity density in 2000	+
Percentage of minority in 2000	+
Household income in 2000	-
Population density in 2000	-
Census Tract in Orange County	+
Census Tract in Riverside County	+
Census Tract in San Bernardino County	+
Census Tract in Ventura County	+
Employment density in manufacturing in 2000	+
Distance to nearest freeway	-
Distance to nearest intermodal facility	-
Constant	+
F-statistics	1,360
Sample Size	3,710

Results: Housing location choice equation

Dep. Var.: Changes in minority shares during 2000-2010

	Relationship
Changes in warehousing activity density during 2000-2010	+
Warehouse activity density in 2000	-
Percentage of minority in 2000	-
Square of percentage of minority in 2000	-
Household income in 2000	+
Square of household income in 2000	-
Population density in 2000	-
Census Tract in Orange County	+
Census Tract in Riverside County	+
Census Tract in San Bernardino County	+
Census Tract in Ventura County	-
Distance to employment center in 2000	+
Distance to coast	+
Racial diversity in 2000	-
Constant	-
F-statistics	1,040
Sample Size	3,710

Discussion

- □ Pre-siting location choice √
 Post-siting demographic changes ×
 - Consistent with Pastor et al. (2001)
 - Land rent and environmental impacts
- Housing preferences or constraints?
 - Access to employment center and coast
- Missing variables
 - Difficulty to control at neighborhood level





Conclusion and Future research

Conclusion

- Environmental injustice in warehousing location solely results from the pre-siting location choices process, instead of the post-siting demographic changes process.
- Warehouses follow minority population.

□ Future research

- Municipality level qualitative study
- Policy implications



