

E-Commerce Impacts on Regional Travel and Energy Use:

Household Shopping and Parcel Delivery Tradeoffs



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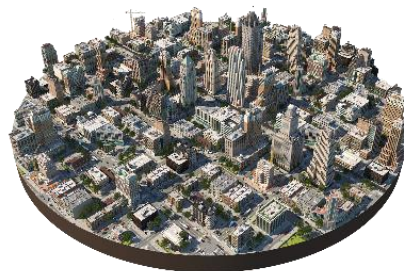
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Modeling Systemwide Travel for New Metropolitan Challenges...

Traveler decisions & transportation demand



Metropolitan area with built environment

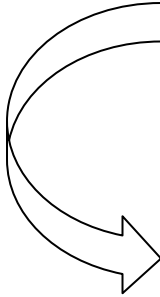
Land use



Transportation supply



...Focusing Today on the Impacts of E-commerce on Regional Travel and Energy Consumption



Research Question

As traditional (physical)
shopping trips



are replaced by

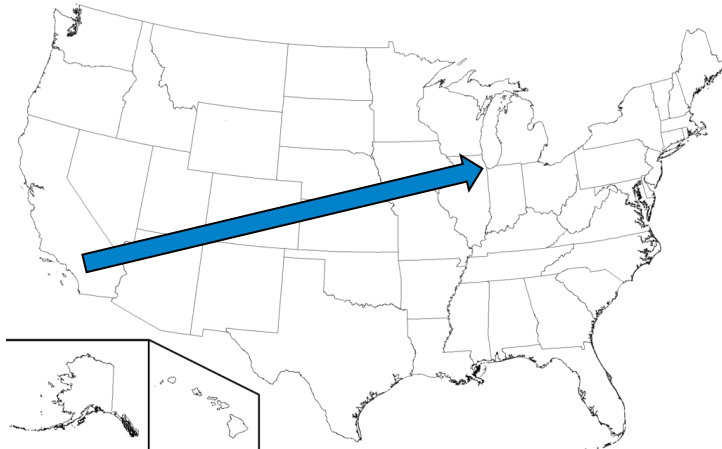
virtual (e-commerce)
shopping “events”...



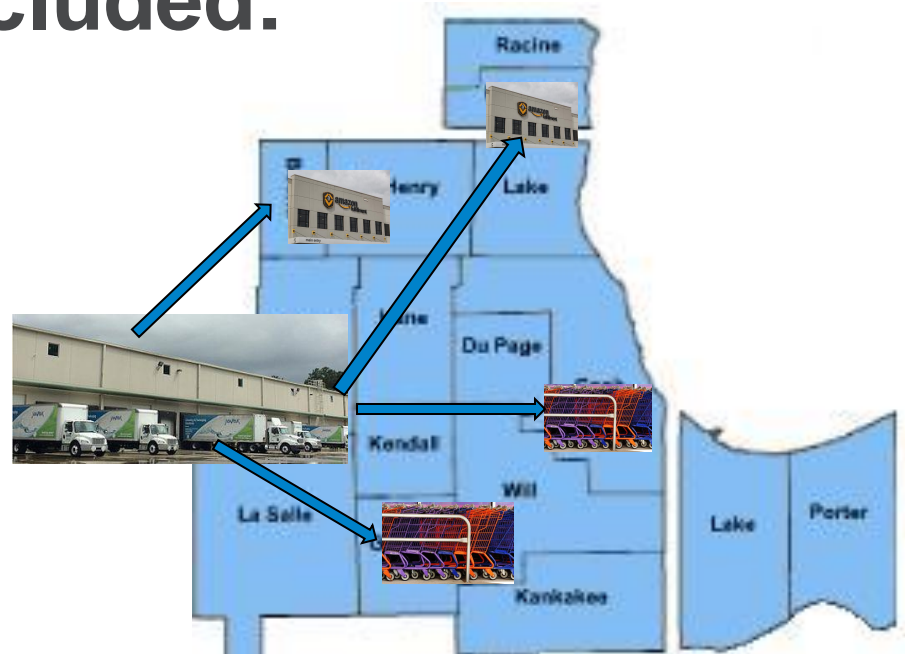
...what will be the net effect on regional
Vehicle-Miles Taveled (VMT) and
Fuel Use or Total Energy Consumption?

Focus of This Study: Last Leg of the Journey to the Consumer

Not included:



Long-haul freight impacts

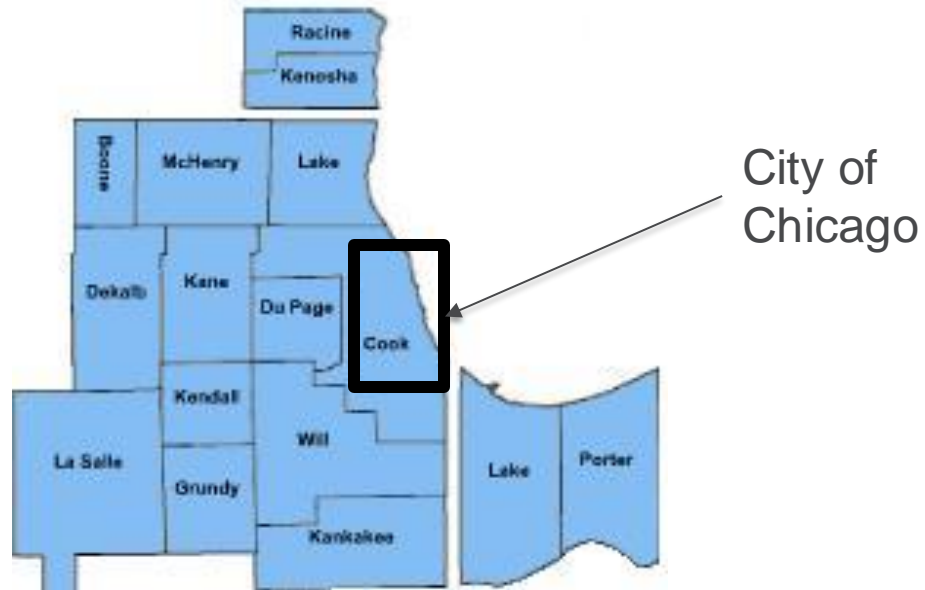


Secondary/outer distribution impacts:

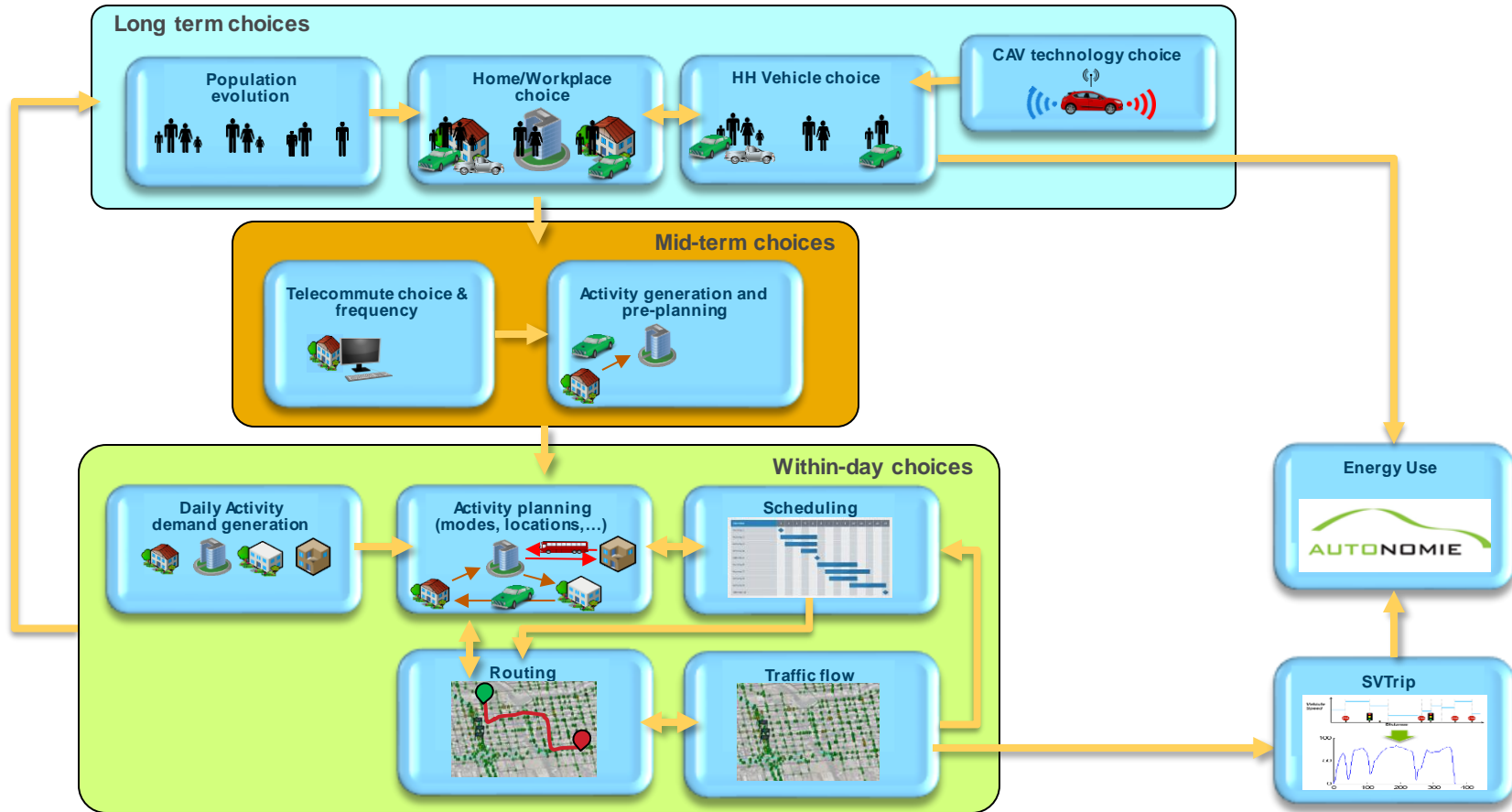
APPROACH

ACTIVITY BASED TRAVEL DEMAND AND NETWORK SUPPLY MODELS

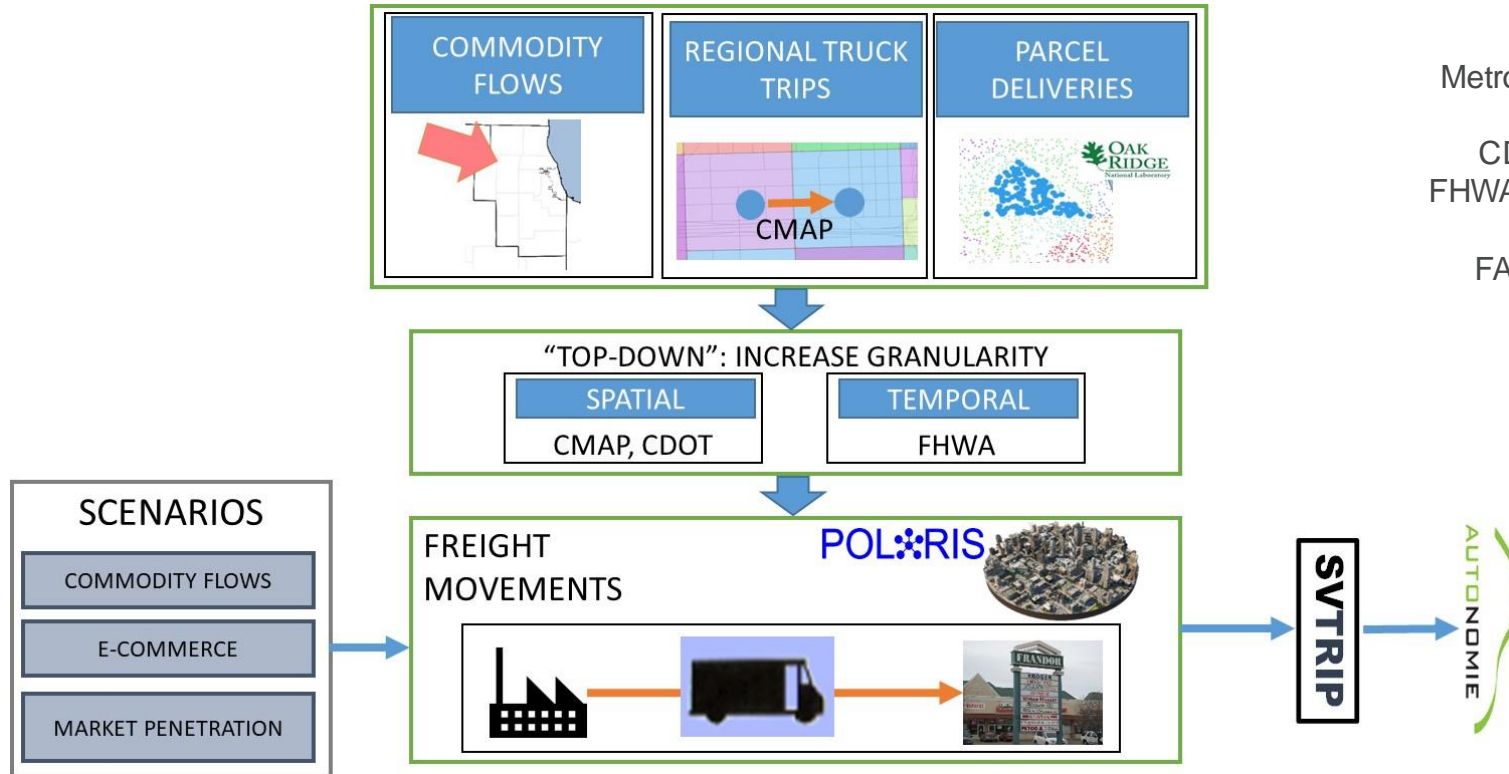
Test Case: the Chicago Metropolitan Region



POLARIS...allows us to explore tradeoffs that individuals make in their travel decisions



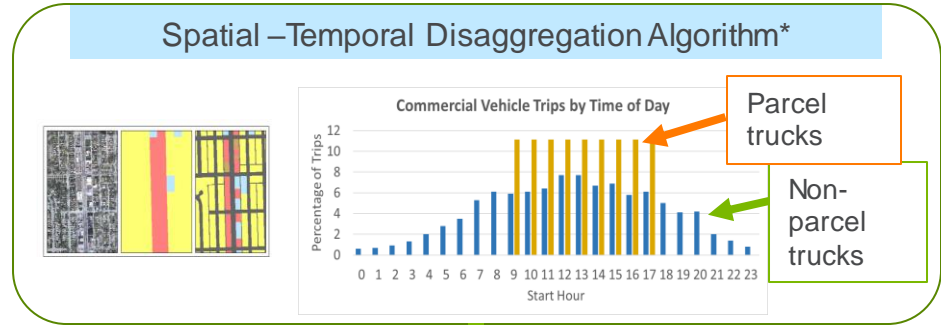
“Top-Down” Freight Model Implemented into POLARIS



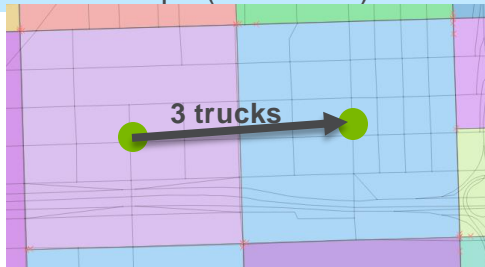
CMAP: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning
 CDOT: Chicago DOT
 FHWA: Federal Highway Administration
 FAF: Freight Analysis Framework

“Top-Down” Freight Model Implemented into POLARIS: Created Baseline Freight Trips

Spatial – Temporal Disaggregation Algorithm*

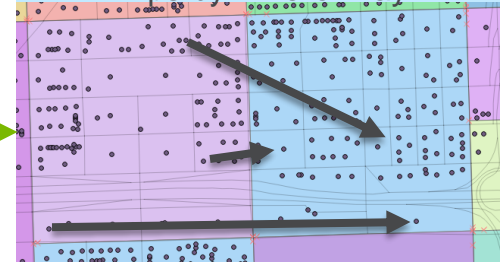


Zonal, Daily Commercial Vehicle Trips (Base Year)



Disaggregation

Base-Year Truck Agents: Trips by Time of Day



Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning or CMAP

*The algorithm uses data from: Chicago DOT Buildings Data, CMAP Land Use Inventory, and the FHWA Traffic Data Computation Method: Pocket Guide

“Top-Down” Freight Model Implemented into POLARIS: Created Future Freight Trips

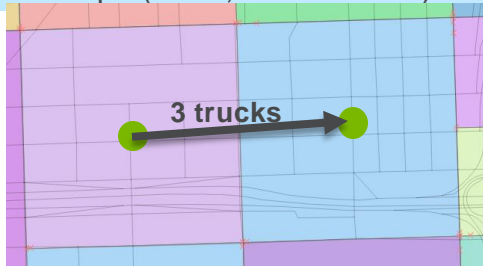
Spatial –Temporal Disaggregation Algorithm

...same
process,
but
now add:

Chicago Region
Growth Rates

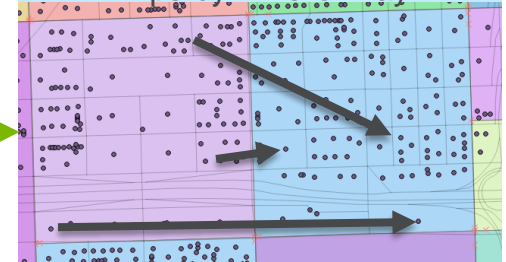


Zonal, Daily Commercial Vehicle
Trips (Base, Future Years)



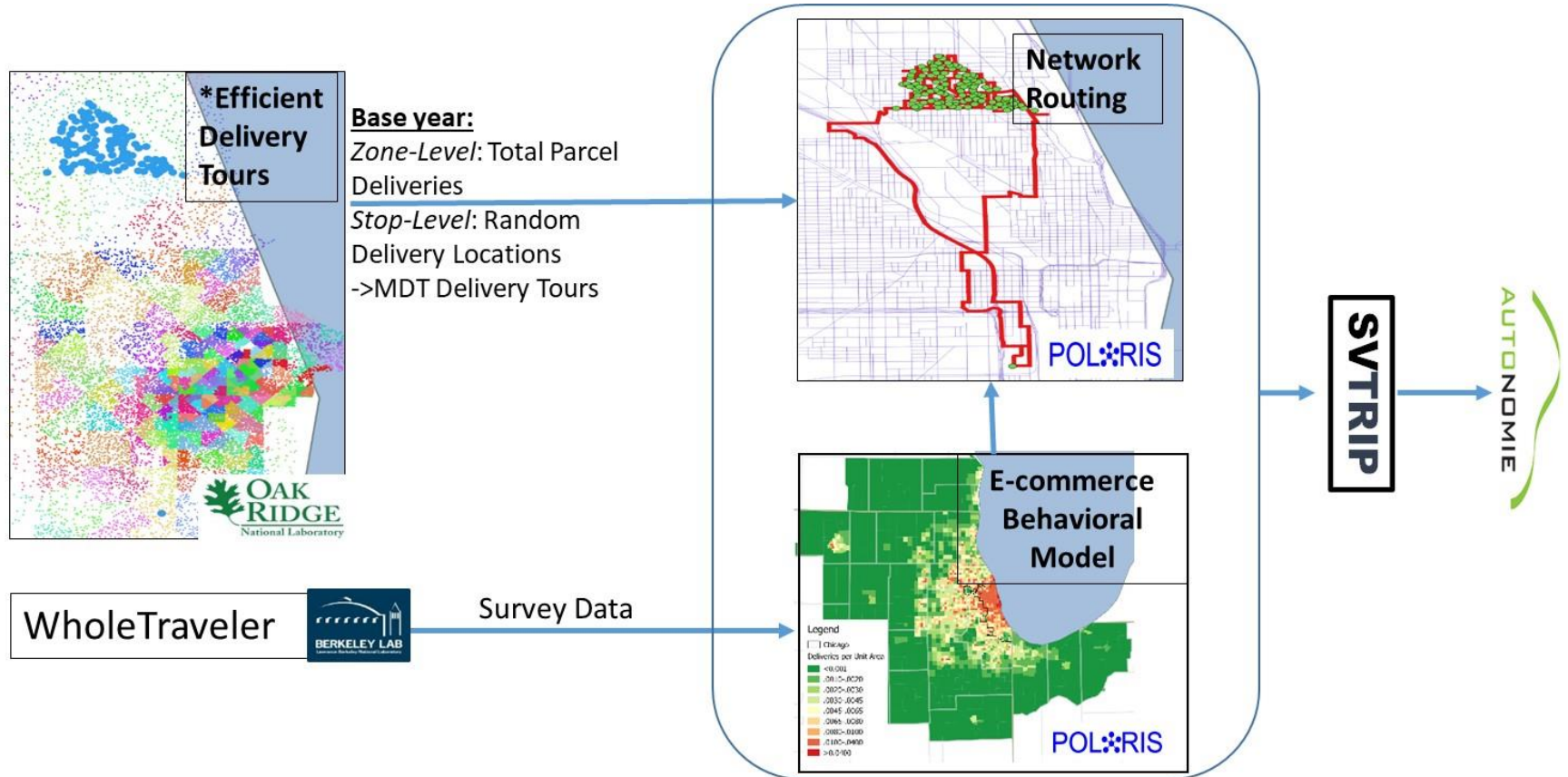
Disagg-
regation

Future-Year Truck Agents:
Trips by Time of Day



Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for
Planning or CMAP

Freight Analysis: “Top-Down” Approach: Developed and Implemented Methodology to Assess E-Commerce Impacts



Agent-based Model: “Ground-up” Approach (In Progress)

Conceptual Overview

▪ STRATEGIC

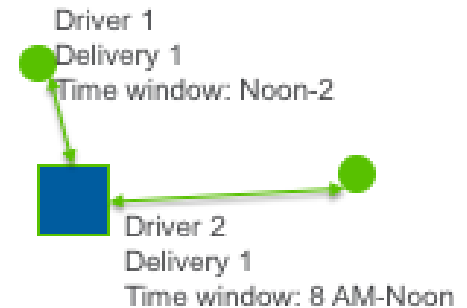
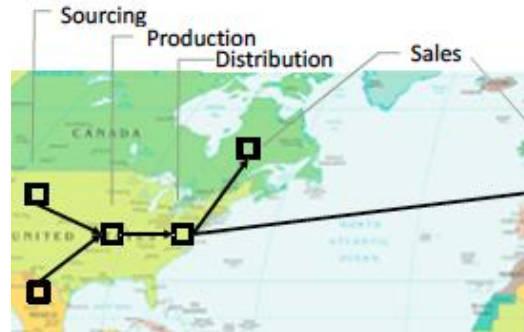
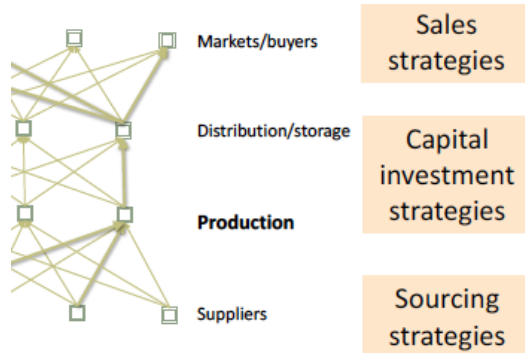
- B2B collaborations
- Trade
- Logistics capacity

▪ TACTICAL

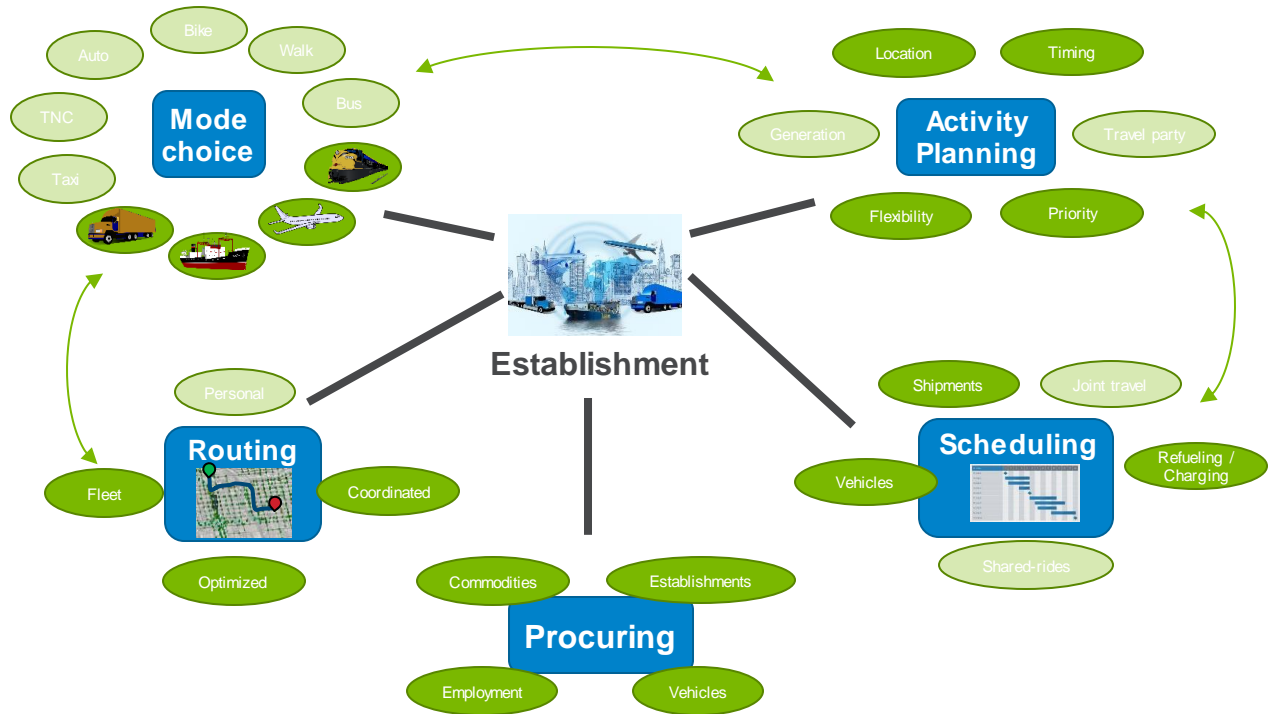
- Demand forecasting
- Production
- Procurement
- Logistics preparation

▪ OPERATIONAL

- Scheduling: vehicles, crews, tours
- En-route decisions

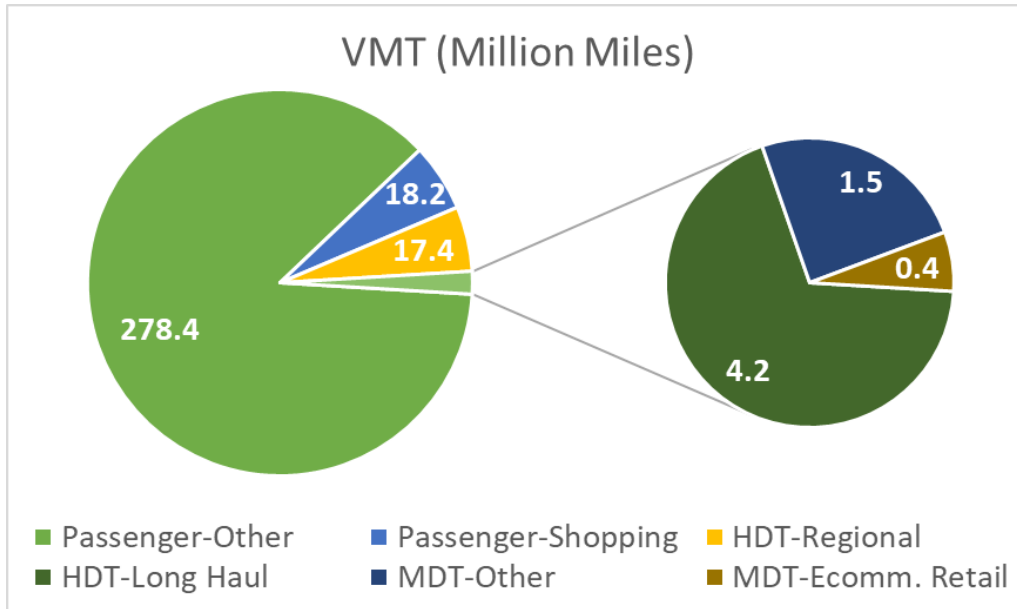


Decisions and Actions of Individual Firms & Establishments (In Progress)



Travel Segments in the Overall Analysis Include: Medium-Duty Trucks (MDT), Heavy-Duty Trucks (HDT) and Passenger-Shopping Light-Duty Vehicles (LDV)

Baseline VMT by Travel Segment



Baseline MDT+HDT Share of VMT, Fuel

MDT+HDT Share	Model Result
VMT	8%
Fuel	36%

- Freight trucks have oversized impacts on regional travel:
HDT drives high fuel:VMT ratio (3.5:1)

Assumptions in Model Scenarios

Scenario	Year	Commodity Flow Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR)	E-commerce Household Delivery Rate (Number of deliveries per week)
Baseline	2020	-	1
C	2040	Optimistic (1.3%)	3
B			7

Additional assumptions regarding **adoption of vehicle electrification technologies** among passenger and commercial fleets

Finally, we focus on **efficient delivery tours only** (non-express)

FINDINGS

Household E-commerce Demand Behavioral Model

More e-commerce demand for households with:

- Higher incomes
- More children (busier parents?)

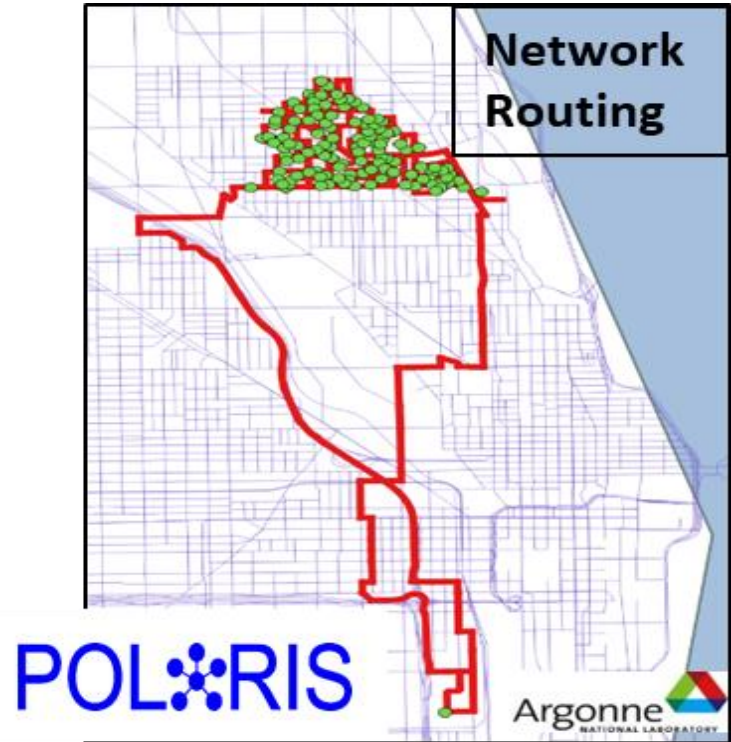
Less e-commerce demand for households with:

- More vehicles
- Fewer adults
- Residence is walkable and/or relatively close to transit (high-density)

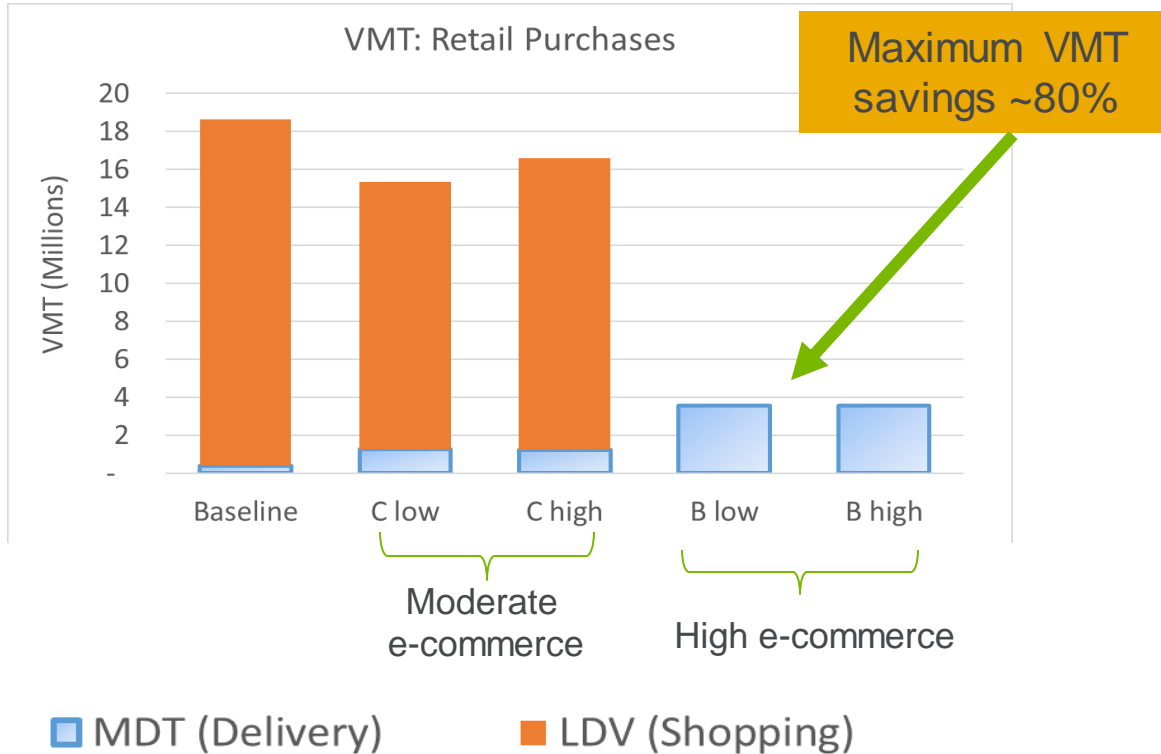
Binary Choice: Whether Participates in E-commerce or not		
Variables	Estimates	t-stat
Constant	-0.103	-1.64
# of HH Children	0.104	1.39
HH income less than 25k	-0.459	-2.33
HH income between 25k and 50k	-0.54	-3.37
HH income between 50k and 100k	-0.154	-1.41
HH income greater than 200k	0.355	3.32
Distance to nearest transit stop from home (in 100th of miles)	0.077	1.18
Ratio of Delivery to Retail Shopping		
<i>Parameters to the latent propensity</i>		
Constant	2.882	11.7
# of HH Adults	-0.146	-2.49
HH income greater than 200k	0.369	3.29
Walk Score (Range 0 to 10)	-0.057	-3
# of HH Vehicle	-0.18	-2.8
<i>Threshold Parameters</i>		
Theta 0	-ve Infinity	Fixed
Theta 1	0	Fixed
Theta 2	1.576	11.86
Theta 3	2.162	15.74
Theta 4	2.738	19.23
Theta 5	3.482	22.34
Theta 6	+ve Infinity	Fixed
Summary		
Number of Observations		971
Final Log-likelihood		-1362.45

Example tour after routing in a congested network

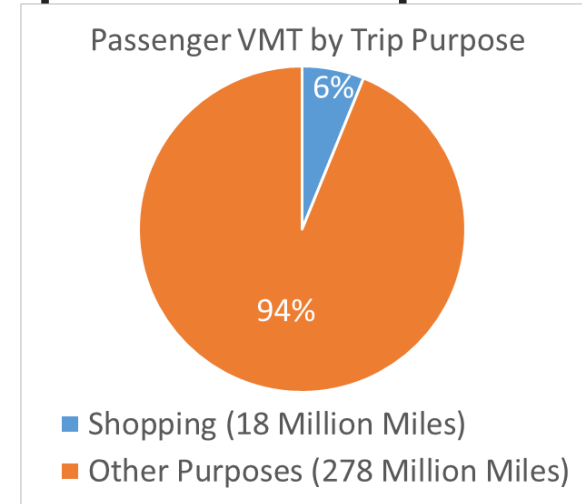
- 120 stops on average per tour
- Freight/delivery, passenger and service vehicles interact in the traffic simulation framework
- Total: 500,000 deliveries (base year) vs. 3.5M in Scenario B



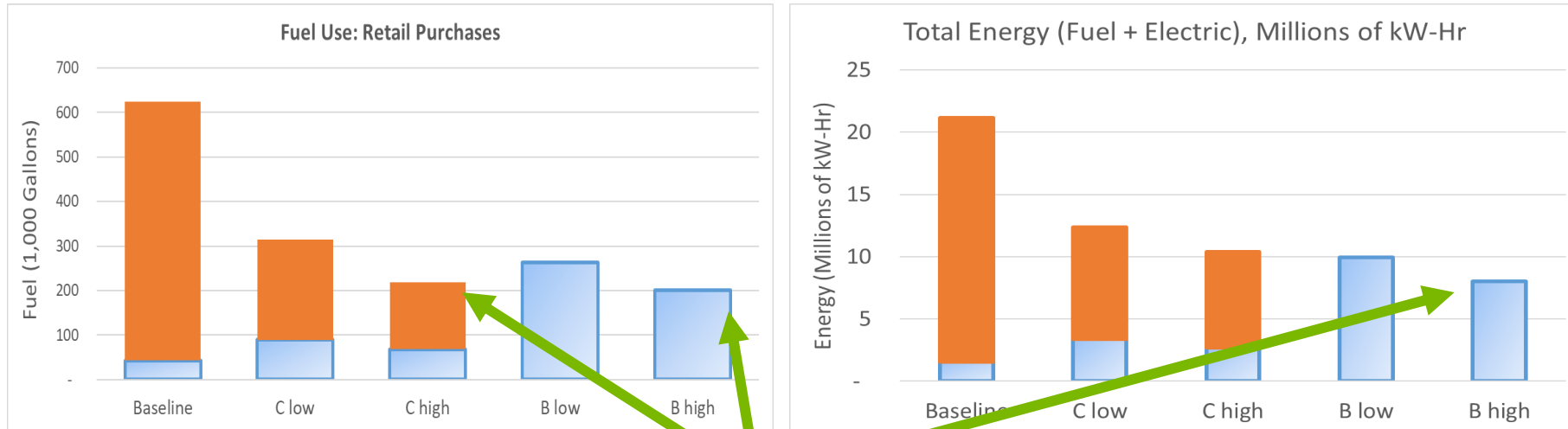
Efficient E-commerce Delivery System Reduces VMT Related to Shopping...



...which is a large portion of the pie:



Likewise, Efficient E-commerce Delivery System Reduces Fuel Consumption Related to Shopping



However, maximum fuel, energy savings
~50-60% → not commensurate with
VMT reduction → room to improve truck
efficiency

CONCLUSION

Summary of Results

- Investigated net effect of e-commerce on VMT and energy use in the Chicago region
- Focused on efficient delivery tours and the final leg of the retail goods journey
- Based on analysis in the Chicago Metropolitan Area:
 - Efficient delivery tours generate significant savings in VMT over traditional, physical shopping trips
 - Energy savings are also substantial but vary considerably depending on market adoption of vehicle electrification technologies

Next Steps

- In progress
 - Testing additional future scenarios with new technology assumptions, e-commerce utilization rates, and commodity flow growth rates → paint broader picture of possible outcomes
 - Integrate long-haul and outer distribution
- Other extensions
 - Extended survey of e-commerce use among households and businesses
 - Include other last-mile delivery system options (e.g., delivery lockers) in modeling framework

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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